



*Permanent Observer Mission  
of Palestine  
to the United Nations*



البعثة الراقبة الدائمة  
لفلسطين  
لدى الأمم المتحدة

January 27, 2003

Honorable David L. Martin  
Magistrate Judge  
U.S. District Court  
Office of the Clerk  
Providence, Rhode Island 02903-1720  
Re: Ungar v. The Palestinian Authority  
C.A. No. 00-105L D.R.I.

Dear Judge Martin,

We have carefully analyzed the three discovery documents in this case and the possibility of our responding to them in the near future.

Our communications with officials from the PNA and the PLO who would normally be concerned with legal requests of this kind have been extremely difficult.

As you know there has been intense violence throughout occupied Palestine for more than two years. The offices of the PNA in Gaza City have been destroyed. Offices in Ramallah have been attacked and partially destroyed and left under continuing siege. Other offices of both the PNA and the PLO have been damaged. Records have been destroyed, damaged, dispersed and lost. Personnel responsible for record keeping have been separated from their offices and records and unable to perform their assigned tasks.

President Arafat has been virtually trapped in the ruins of his office in Ramallah since March of 2002. Other officials and administrators have had similar difficulties. More than 2100 Palestinians have been killed by the Israeli occupying forces on our own soil during the last 28 months affecting everyone's life.

Government offices and officials cannot work effectively or organize even on matters of extreme urgency. It has been impossible under such circumstances to locate people who could seek and find documents, who could gather information and prepare answers to interrogatories and could respond to requests for admissions.

We find the scope of inquiry to be incredibly broad and often unrelated to the claims being made by plaintiffs. Much of it seems politically motivated and seeks records usually deemed confidential including communications between the PNA, or the PLO with foreign states, even with the United States government.

We don't understand how plaintiffs can claim the PNA and PLO are responsible for what HAMAS does. The history of the PNA/PLO- HAMAS relationship is public and well known and the claim that the PNA and PLO are responsible for what HAMAS does is simply not credible.

Nor do we understand how plaintiffs can sue the PNA and PLO for this death and at the same time sue the government of Iran in a separate case in Washington, D.C. for the same death claiming Iran is responsible for what HAMAS does. Yet we've been advised plaintiffs are doing this. We notice what appears to be a multiplicity of suits coming from the same lawyers and political statements publicly made by them in connection with the suits, which makes it difficult to believe their aim is to pursue the interests of the individual plaintiffs.

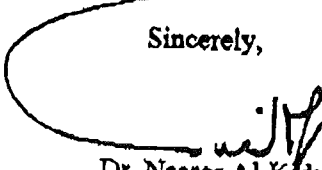
It would seem fair and just to wait until there is a final decision on the issue whether the U.S. Court has jurisdiction over the PNA and the PLO for these events before proceeding to these requests. Nothing else is possible for us. Plaintiffs waited nearly four years from the time of the assault to file this case. The time we request which is necessary to make presentation of our defense possible, if a defense becomes necessary, ought to be comparatively short. Only the achievement of a level of stability, free from the threat of daily attacks in our territory can make it possible to free personnel to gather the materials and information needed to proceed with a defense.

While we wait until violence subsides and hopefully peace comes, to respond to appropriate discovery requests if jurisdiction is upheld, we must state that neither the PNA nor the PLO played any role and neither had any responsibility for the deaths in this case. We regret these deaths as we do the thousands before them and since in these tragic years of violence.

Under exceedingly difficult circumstances the PNA and PLO have done what they can do to reach a peace agreement and to protect lives even while they have themselves been attacked. We grieve over the deaths and injuries on both sides from the constant physical violence and the impoverishment and economic deprivation inflicted on the Palestinian people. And we fully understand that all who live in these Holy Lands will suffer until peace based on justice and international legitimacy is achieved.

We hope this case will not become an obstacle to such a day.

Sincerely,



Dr. Nasser Al-Kidwa  
Ambassador, Permanent Observer of Palestine  
to the United Nations